

Optoelectronic Devices (Phy-NITS)

Course Format

COURSE DESCRIPTION: Optoelectronics lies at the intersection of optics and microelectronics. Optoelectronic devices and circuits are quickly becoming core technologies for several key technical areas such as telecommunications, information processing, optical storage, and sensors. The widest deployment of fiber optics has, so far, been in the area of fiber optic technology, which relies on optoelectronic devices to generate (semiconductor light emitting diodes and lasers), modulate, amplify, switch, and detect optical signals. This course will cover these components. Additional topics that will be covered include solar cells, photonic crystals, and plasmonics, which are rapidly emerging optoelectronic technologies.

Optoelectronic Devices

Lecture #1 - Overview

Lectures #2 to #6 - Waveguides

- Theory of Dielectric Waveguides

- Attenuation

- Dispersion

- Fabrication Techniques

- Photonic Crystals

- Plasmonics

- Splices and Connectors (probably assigned reading)

Lectures #7 to #16 - Emitters

- Heterojunctions

 - Current Injection

 - Carrier Confinement

- Light Emitting Diodes

 - Critical Parameters

 - Displays - particularly blue LEDs

- Optical Amplifiers

- Semiconductor Lasers

 - Optical Gain

 - Threshold Condition

 - Device Characteristics

 - Structures

 - LI Characteristic

- Field Intensity
- Mode Structure
- Output Power
- Linewidth - DFBs and DBRs
- Bandwidth

Lecture #17 – Optical Modulators

- Mach-Zehnder modulators
- Electroabsorption modulators
- Integrated laser/modulators

Lectures #18 to #21 - Photodetectors

- Physics of Photodetectors
- Solar Cells
- PIN Photodiodes
 - Responsivity
 - Dark Current
 - Bandwidth
- MSM Photodetectors
 - Responsivity
 - Bandwidth
- Avalanche Photodiodes
 - Gain Mechanism
 - Bandwidth and Gain-Bandwidth Product
 - Multiplication Noise
- Recent advances in Photodetection Techniques

Lectures #22 and 25 – WDM Devices

- Wavelength conversion
- Optical switching